# ANNUAL REPORT ON FACULTY SALARY AND COMPENSATION 2003-04 

COMMITTEE ON PRIORITIES AND RESOURCES
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This annual survey compares faculty salaries and compensation at Amherst to those at two groups of selected colleges and universities: (1) a "traditional group" consisting of a mix of 12 major research universities and liberal arts colleges, which was established by agreement between Amherst Faculty, Administration, and Trustees and has been used since 1980; and (2) a "liberal arts group" of the 10 colleges at the top of the U.S. News and World Report rankings in 1995, added to the survey by the Committee on Priorities and Resources (CPR) in 1997. In the fall of 2003, the CPR was charged by the Administration with reevaluating the composition of the comparison groups used in this annual survey and with establishing a position within the group that Amherst could use as a benchmark in its analysis. The Committee has not completed this work and will continue its deliberations into 2004-05. For that reason, this report is based on the same comparison groups that have been used in the past and draws from the reports of recent committees.

## BACKGROUND

The goal of salary and compensation comparison is to insure that Amherst College remains able to attract and retain the highest quality faculty. Amherst's own salary trends over the past nearly 50 years [Chart A] emphasize the importance of sustained Faculty, Administration, and Trustee attention to this matter. In real (net of inflation) terms, average compensation at Amherst was at a peak in the mid 1960s. The late 1960s and 1970s then were a period of continuous decline in compensation; by 1980, real compensation had fallen by $25-30 \%$. This occurred in a broader national economic context of poor stock market performance and high inflation. Nevertheless, as a consequence of this severe decline, real faculty compensation at Amherst did not return to its mid1960s value until 30 years later, in the mid-1990s, after over a decade of incremental real salary increases. Following a five-year period (1992-1997) of essentially flat salaries in real terms, steady, incremental real salary increases have, for the most part, characterized Amherst faculty compensation trends for the past seven years.

Since 1989-90 the College has increased salaries at rates consistently well above inflation [Chart B]. In particular, from 1998 to 2000, Amherst undertook an initiative to raise salaries for full professors [Chart B]. Despite this, Amherst's salaries have generally remained below both the
mean and median of the traditional comparison group [Charts C1, C2, and C3]. This serves to emphasize the highly competitive environment for faculty in which the College operates. Even generous raises, relative to inflation, yield only modest improvements, if any, in the College's position relative to other institutions [Tables A1, A2, A3, and Chart E1]. In such a context, allowing the kind of salary decline seen in the late 1960s and 1970s, or even a fraction of it, would quickly put the College at a significant competitive disadvantage that would take many years of incremental adjustment or fewer years of sharp increases to offset. The loss of faculty during such a period could take very much longer to repair.

In general, a survey of the tables and charts in this and past reports will show that Amherst has performed more favorably in comparison to liberal arts colleges than relative to the broader set of schools in the "traditional group" (compare Charts C1, C2, and C3 to Charts D1, D2, and D3; and Chart E1 to E2). Amherst, however, competes across the entire spectrum of academic institutions for faculty; there is no separate market for liberal arts colleges. In initial hiring our most significant competition consistently comes from universities; and, in recent years, we have lost senior faculty only to such institutions as appear in the traditional comparison group (notably including Harvard and Yale). This indicates that the College should continue to be most attentive to trends in salary in the entire academic market, which (at least for now) the traditional comparison group is intended to reflect, despite the fact that this market (and the traditional comparison group) includes institutions with very different resource structures than our own.

## FACULTY SALARY AND COMPENSATION AT AMHERST AND THE COMPARISON GROUPS

The data used in this analysis come to us from the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) [Tables C1, C2, and C3; D1, D2, and D3, and E] and are the result of a longstanding annual survey conducted by the AAUP according to its own criteria and methodology. This report reflects salary and compensation data for the academic year 2003-04. The following points clarify the ways in which the AAUP data can best be read and have been assessed in this survey.

- Most of the following analysis focuses on trends in salary rather than compensation. The bulk of the benefits assessed in the survey are calculated as a factor of base salary so that changes in compensation are driven largely by changes in salary. Furthermore, the AAUP determines which benefits are included in the calculation of compensation. Some that are considered important at Amherst are excluded (notably, post retirement health care insurance). For this reason the validity of compensation comparisons is uncertain.
- This report draws its significant conclusions from an assessment of salary trends over several years rather than the incremental change since the most recent CPR report because
changes in average salary for any group of faculty (both at Amherst and at the comparison schools) are affected by changes in the composition of that group (hiring, promotions, retirements, and dismissals, for example) which can fluctuate significantly from year to year.
- The relatively small number of associate professors at Amherst [Table E] makes data for that rank especially volatile; so we emphasize trends reflected in the full and assistant professor ranks in our assessment. We also pay particular attention to these two ranks because we perceive that they are most susceptible to market influences, either at the time of initial hire or as established faculty become prominent in their field.
- The AAUP issues data on the average of salaries at all faculty ranks combined, which we report here [Tables C3 and D3]. While these figures serve as some reflection of the total salary and compensation burden to the College, the CPR cautions strongly against thinking of these figures as a useful "overview" of trends. The "all ranks" salary data are a much less direct reflection of salary competitiveness than the by-rank data. These numbers are derived as an average of salary at each rank weighted by the percentage of faculty in that rank at each institution. This algorithm is greatly influenced by the differing role that composition of each faculty rank (time in rank, promotions, etc.) plays in average salary at each individual institution. It can thus obscure the actual salary structure of an institution.
- We remind our colleagues that this report is meant to compare Amherst's salary and compensation practices to those of a representative cross section of our fellow institutions. We discourage our colleagues from using this report to evaluate their individual percent increases in salary in a particular year. The method used by the AAUP to calculate the percent salary increase by rank includes the (generally significantly larger) percent increases granted at the time of tenure or promotion in the calculation of the average increase for the more-junior rank. For example, the AAUP-reported average percent increase in Amherst assistant professor salary does not, in fact, match the average percent increase in the salaries paid to individuals who hold the rank of assistant professor at Amherst during 2003-04, because the AAUP figure includes the salary increases earned by individuals granted tenure in 2002-03 and who, therefore, hold associate professor rank in 2003-04. Similarly, the percent increases earned at the time of promotion to full professor are included in the AAUP associate professor figure. As a result, when larger salary increases accompany tenure and promotion, the AAUP figures for assistant and associate ranks overstate the actual average salary increases earned by individuals who continue in those ranks.


## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS:

1) Growth in faculty salary continues to exceed growth in the Consumer Price Index (CPI), as has been the case consistently over the past 15 years. Since 1980, salary increases have been
approximately twice the rate of inflation. The difference between the percent increase in faculty salary and in the CPI, however, has declined at all ranks since 2001-02. This is also true of the mean and median percent increase in salary for both the traditional and liberal arts comparison groups, and probably reflects the recent weak overall economic environment. Nevertheless, a slowdown in the rate of real faculty salary growth has occurred. [Chart B]
2) Amherst salaries continue to hold positions in both the traditional and liberal arts comparison groups similar to previous years. We are at or below the median at each faculty rank (assistant, associate, and full professor) in the traditional group and at or just above the median at all faculty ranks in the liberal arts group [Tables C1 and C2, D1 and D2, and Charts C1-C3 and D1D3]. Amherst's position at or below the mean and median for each faculty rank when compared to the traditional group remains true whether or not Harvard's salaries are included in the traditional group average, although the gap decreases measurably with Harvard excluded [Charts F1, F2, and F3]. For this reason, we cannot attribute Amherst's relative position in the traditional comparison group to salary policy at Harvard alone.
3) The gap between Amherst salaries and those of our most highly paid colleagues at other institutions continues to widen. The difference between an average Amherst and an average Harvard salary now represents $45 \%$ of our salary at the full professor rank and $33 \%$ of our salary at the assistant professor rank. The comparable figures in 1990-91 were $36 \%$ and $24 \%$, respectively. This trend is also true, although less pronounced, within the liberal arts comparison group, where the difference between an average Amherst salary and that of our highest paid colleagues represents $6 \%$ of our salary at the full professor rank and $4 \%$ of our salary at the assistant professor rank.
4) While the annual salary increase for full professors and assistant professors at Amherst continues to be well above the CPI, it also continues to be approximately equal to the mean and median annual salary increases of both of the comparison groups [Charts E1 and E2]. While there are significant variances for individual institutions from year to year, the overall market activity appears to be very similar to Amhert's salary allocations. As a consequence, our position in the comparison groups does not change noticeably despite real salary increases every year. Once again, the data emphasize the very competitive academic market within which the College works to attract and retain the best scholars and teachers.

## RECOMMENDATIONS:

1) Amherst must continue to increase institutional resources devoted to faculty salary and compensation. We recognize that this recommendation places a substantial burden on the College budget and are mindful of the overall cost of salary and benefits to the institution; however, we see no alternative consistent with the retention of the quality of faculty that defines Amherst College.
2) The gains that Amherst achieved by a salary increase initiative at the full professor rank from 1998 to 2001 and similar increases for assistant professors from 1997 to 2000 are now being eroded. The College must reverse this trend. Without strong and competitive full professor salaries the College runs the risk of either becoming a pipeline for faculty to other institutions recruiting and investing in promising young scholars only to lose the most talented ones later to other institutions - or of developing a strongly tiered professorate in which many full professors receive less-than-competitive salaries while those who obtain outside offers receive matching salaries from Amherst on a case-by-case basis. Neither outcome is, in our view, in the best interests of the College. At this time, anecdotal evidence indicates that prospective faculty who do not accept an assistant professor position at Amherst do so because of personal or lifestyle issues (often surrounding spousal employment) rather than salary. It is imperative that we continue to make those factors that the College can control, such as salary, advantageous to the prospective assistant professor. Should Amherst fail to secure the top young scholars at the assistant professor level, the College will incur a very expensive cycle of searches, new hires, contentious and failed tenure cases, followed by yet more searches and new hires.
\$20,000
\$10,000
\$5,000

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { CHART A } \\
\text { Real Compensation (net of inflation), } 1960 \text { Dollars } \\
\text { Amherst College }
\end{gathered}
$$


CHART B
Annual \% Increase in Salary by Rank Compared with Consumer Price Index (CPI)











# TABLE A1 - Average Annual Increases, Continuing in Rank For Periods Ending in 2004 <br> Full Professors 

1 Year 3 Years 5 Years 10 Years 15 Years

| AMHERST | $4.2 \%$ | $5.1 \%$ | $6.2 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Dartmouth | $3.0 \%$ | $5.1 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ | $4.9 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ |
| Harvard | $4.2 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ |
| Indiana U. | $3.2 \%$ | $4.5 \%$ | $4.7 \%$ | $4.2 \%$ | $4.4 \%$ |
| Mount Holyoke | $3.4 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ | $6.0 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ | $6.0 \%$ |
| Smith | $2.8 \%$ | $4.7 \%$ | $4.9 \%$ | $4.9 \%$ | $5.4 \%$ |
| U. Michigan | $2.6 \%$ | $4.4 \%$ | $4.6 \%$ | $4.4 \%$ | $4.3 \%$ |
| U. Virginia | $5.0 \%$ | $1.9 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ | $4.4 \%$ | $4.2 \%$ |
| UMass/Amherst | $0.3 \%$ | $1.1 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ | $3.1 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ |
| Wellesley | $5.7 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ | $5.8 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ | $6.5 \%$ |
| Wesleyan | $5.9 \%$ | $5.9 \%$ | $6.0 \%$ | $4.9 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ |
| Williams | $4.1 \%$ | $5.8 \%$ | $5.9 \%$ | $6.4 \%$ | $6.5 \%$ |
| Yale | $4.3 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ | $5.0 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean | $3.7 \%$ | $4.6 \%$ | $5.1 \%$ | $4.9 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ |
| Median | $4.1 \%$ | $5.1 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ | $4.9 \%$ | $5.4 \%$ |
| CPI | $2.5 \%$ | $1.9 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ | $2.4 \%$ | $2.8 \%$ |

## Average Salary 88-89

Average Salary 03-04

| Harvard | 79.3 | Harvard | 157.5 |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Yale | 72.6 | Yale | 138.8 |
| U. Virginia | 65.9 | Dartmouth | 118.0 |
| U. Michigan | 62.9 | U. Michigan | 117.8 |
| Dartmouth | 61.3 | Wellesley | 113.6 |
| UMass/Amherst | 60.8 | U. Virginia | 112.9 |
| AMHERST | $\mathbf{5 9 . 3}$ | Wesleyan | 109.8 |
| Wesleyan | 57.8 | Williams | 109.0 |
| Wellesley | 57.7 | $\underline{\text { AMHERST }}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 8 . 4}$ |
| Williams | 57.4 | Smith | 102.4 |
| Smith | 55.9 | Mount Holyoke | 102.2 |
| Indiana U. | 54.5 | Indiana U. | 99.1 |
| Mount Holyoke | 51.2 | UMass/Amherst | 90.7 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Mean | 61.3 | Mean | 113.9 |
| Median | 59.3 | Median | 109.8 |

## TABLE A2 - Average Annual Increases, Continuing in Rank <br> For Periods Ending in 2004 <br> Associate Professors

1 Year 3 Years 5 Years 10 Years 15 Years

| AMHERST | $5.8 \%$ | $7.5 \%$ | $7.6 \%$ | $7.2 \%$ | $7.2 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Dartmouth | $3.3 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ | $6.2 \%$ | $6.0 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| Harvard | $5.1 \%$ | $6.0 \%$ | $7.0 \%$ | $5.9 \%$ | $5.9 \%$ |
| Indiana U. | $3.7 \%$ | $5.4 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ | $5.0 \%$ | $5.1 \%$ |
| Mount Holyoke | $4.6 \%$ | $6.5 \%$ | $6.7 \%$ | $5.7 \%$ | $6.8 \%$ |
| Smith | $1.6 \%$ | $4.7 \%$ | $5.7 \%$ | $5.4 \%$ | $6.0 \%$ |
| U. Michigan | $3.8 \%$ | $5.1 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ | $5.0 \%$ |
| U. Virginia | $7.3 \%$ | $2.8 \%$ | $4.3 \%$ | $5.1 \%$ | $4.8 \%$ |
| UMass/Amherst | $0.9 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ | $4.0 \%$ | $3.9 \%$ | $4.3 \%$ |
| Wellesley | $8.5 \%$ | $7.5 \%$ | $7.2 \%$ | $6.6 \%$ | $7.3 \%$ |
| Wesleyan | $6.4 \%$ | $6.6 \%$ | $6.6 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ | $6.2 \%$ |
| Williams | $5.2 \%$ | $7.7 \%$ | $8.0 \%$ | $7.7 \%$ | $7.6 \%$ |
| Yale | $7.6 \%$ | $9.6 \%$ | $9.1 \%$ | $7.9 \%$ | $8.1 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean | $4.9 \%$ | $5.9 \%$ | $6.4 \%$ | $5.9 \%$ | $6.2 \%$ |
| Median | $5.1 \%$ | $6.0 \%$ | $6.6 \%$ | $5.7 \%$ | $6.2 \%$ |
| CPI | $2.5 \%$ | $1.9 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ | $2.4 \%$ | $2.8 \%$ |

Average Salary 88-89
Average Salary 03-04

| U. Michigan | 47.6 | Harvard | 91.9 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| UMass/Amherst | 47.3 | Dartmouth | 81.4 |
| U. Virginia | 44.5 | U. Michigan | 80.9 |
| Yale | 44.0 | Wellesley | 80.6 |
| Harvard | 43.8 | Yale | 78.5 |
| Dartmouth | 43.6 | Williams | 77.5 |
| AMHERST | $\mathbf{4 2 . 3}$ | Mount Holyoke | 75.2 |
| Wellesley | 40.5 | U. Virginia | 75.1 |
| Williams | 40.5 | Wesleyan | 73.7 |
| Smith | 39.9 | $\underline{\text { AMHERST }}$ | $\mathbf{7 3 . 6}$ |
| Wesleyan | 39.9 | UMass/Amherst | 70.8 |
| Indiana U. | 38.6 | Smith | 70.6 |
| Mount Holyoke | 37.2 | Indiana U. | 68.5 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Mean | 42.3 | Mean | 76.8 |
| Median | 42.3 | Median | 75.2 |

## TABLE A3 - Average Annual Increases, Continuing in Rank <br> For Periods Ending in 2004 <br> Assistant Professors

1 Year 3 Years 5 Years 10 Years 15 Years

| AMHERST | $4.5 \%$ | $5.4 \%$ | $6.1 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ | $5.8 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Dartmouth | $4.7 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ | $7.1 \%$ | $6.7 \%$ | $7.0 \%$ |
| Harvard | $4.0 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ | $6.0 \%$ | $6.1 \%$ |
| Indiana U. | $4.4 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ | $6.2 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ |
| Mount Holyoke | $4.7 \%$ | $6.8 \%$ | $8.0 \%$ | $7.4 \%$ | $8.1 \%$ |
| Smith | $1.6 \%$ | $6.1 \%$ | $6.7 \%$ | $6.6 \%$ | $7.1 \%$ |
| U. Michigan | $3.5 \%$ | $4.4 \%$ | $4.7 \%$ | $5.1 \%$ | $5.1 \%$ |
| U. Virginia | $8.1 \%$ | $3.0 \%$ | $4.7 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ |
| UMass/Amherst | $2.4 \%$ | $2.7 \%$ | $4.8 \%$ | $4.6 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ |
| Wellesley | $8.2 \%$ | $7.2 \%$ | $7.6 \%$ | $6.8 \%$ | $7.5 \%$ |
| Wesleyan | $6.7 \%$ | $6.5 \%$ | $6.6 \%$ | $5.8 \%$ | $6.1 \%$ |
| Williams | $5.6 \%$ | $8.4 \%$ | $8.9 \%$ | $7.9 \%$ | $7.5 \%$ |
| Yale | $6.4 \%$ | $6.1 \%$ | $6.4 \%$ | $5.7 \%$ | $6.2 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean | $5.0 \%$ | $5.7 \%$ | $6.5 \%$ | $6.1 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| Median | $4.7 \%$ | $6.1 \%$ | $6.4 \%$ | $5.8 \%$ | $6.1 \%$ |
| CPI | $2.5 \%$ | $1.9 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ | $2.4 \%$ | $2.8 \%$ |

## Average Salary 88-89

## Average Salary 03-04

| Harvard | 39.6 | Harvard | 82.1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| U. Michigan | 39.2 | Dartmouth | 67.9 |
| UMass/Amherst | 36.7 | U. Michigan | 66.7 |
| Dartmouth | 36.3 | Yale | 66.5 |
| U. Virginia | 35.5 | Wellesley | 64.6 |
| AMHERST | $\mathbf{3 4 . 8}$ | AMHERST | $\mathbf{6 1 . 9}$ |
| Yale | 34.6 | Williams | 61.6 |
| Williams | 34.0 | Wesleyan | 61.3 |
| Wesleyan | 33.9 | U. Virginia | 60.8 |
| Wellesley | 33.0 | Indiana U. | 59.6 |
| Indiana U. | 32.3 | Smith | 57.5 |
| Smith | 30.8 | UMass/Amherst | 56.7 |
| Mount Holyoke | 29.6 | Mount Holyoke | 56.6 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Mean | 34.6 | Mean | 63.4 |
| Median | 34.6 | Median | 61.6 |

Note: For certain years some colleges did not submit data to AAUP for \% increase. In those instances, the calculations have been modified to exclude that year.

## TABLE C-1

## COMPARISON OF SALARIES, BY RANK - AMHERST COLLEGE AND THE TRADITIONAL GROUP

|  | ACTUAL <br> FY2001-02 |  | ACTUAL <br> FY2002-03 |  |  | ACTUAL <br> FY2003-04 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RANK/ <br> INSTITUTION | SALARY DOLLARS | $\begin{gathered} \text { \% } \\ \text { INC } \end{gathered}$ | RANK/ INSTITUTION | SALARY DOLLARS | $\begin{gathered} \text { \% } \\ \text { INC } \end{gathered}$ | RANK/ <br> INSTITUTION | SALARY DOLLARS | $\begin{gathered} \text { \% } \\ \text { INC } \end{gathered}$ |
| PROFESSORS |  |  | PROFESSORS |  |  | PROFESSORS |  |  |
| Harvard | 144.7 | 7.63\% | Harvard | 150.8 | 4.69\% | Harvard | 157.5 | 4.22\% |
| Yale | 131.2 | 5.78\% | Yale | 137.2 | 5.70\% | Yale | 138.8 | 4.25\% |
| Dartmouth | 109.1 | 6.69\% | U. Michigan | 114.8 | 4.52\% | Dartmouth | 118.0 | 2.95\% |
| U. Michigan | 108.9 | 5.95\% | Dartmouth | 114.0 | 5.51\% | U. Michigan | 117.8 | 2.64\% |
| U. Virginia | 107.6 | 0.34\% | Wellesley | 108.3 | 5.37\% | Wellesley | 113.6 | 5.70\% |
| Wellesley | 104.3 | 4.55\% | U. Virginia | 107.7 | 0.47\% | U. Virginia | 112.9 | 5.02\% |
| Williams | 102.9 | 7.06\% | Williams | 106.0 | 6.35\% | Wesleyan | 109.8 | 5.89\% |
| AMHERST | 101.5 | 6.42\% | AMHERST | 104.4 | 4.65\% | Williams | 109.0 | 4.11\% |
| Smith | 98.0 | 4.96\% | Smith | 103.0 | 6.24\% | AMHERST | 108.4 | 4.19\% |
| Wesleyan | 97.3 | 6.73\% | Wesleyan | 101.4 | 5.10\% | Smith | 102.4 | 2.75\% |
| Mount Holyoke | 96.4 | 7.68\% | Mount Holyoke | 100.2 | 5.44\% | Mount Holyoke | 102.2 | 3.44\% |
| Indiana U. | 94.2 | 6.37\% | Indiana U. | 96.8 | 4.01\% | Indiana U. | 99.1 | 3.18\% |
| UMass/Amherst | 90.0 | 2.91\% | UMass/Amherst | 90.7 | 0.22\% | UMass/Amherst | 90.7 | 0.25\% |
| ASSOCIATE PROFESSORS |  |  | ASSOCIATE PROFESSORS |  |  | ASSOCIATE PROFESSORS |  |  |
| Harvard | 85.2 | 7.22\% | Harvard | 88.8 | 5.62\% | Harvard | 91.9 | 5.07\% |
| Dartmouth | 76.8 | 7.41\% | Dartmouth | 81.3 | 5.81\% | Dartmouth | 81.4 | 3.31\% |
| U. Michigan | 76.3 | 5.82\% | Yale | 79.5 | 11.82\% | U. Michigan | 80.9 | 3.77\% |
| Williams | 72.9 | 9.12\% | U. Michigan | 78.9 | 5.73\% | Wellesley | 80.6 | 8.54\% |
| Yale | 72.7 | 9.27\% | Wellesley | 76.8 | 8.18\% | Yale | 78.5 | 7.61\% |
| Wellesley | 72.2 | 5.88\% | Williams | 76.1 | 8.71\% | Williams | 77.5 | 5.18\% |
| U. Virginia | 71.2 | 0.42\% | Mount Holyoke | 72.8 | 7.28\% | Mount Holyoke | 75.2 | 4.55\% |
| UMass/Amherst | 70.5 | 3.93\% | Smith | 71.3 | 5.81\% | U. Virginia | 75.1 | 7.31\% |
| Mount Holyoke | 69.6 | 7.52\% | U. Virginia | 71.3 | 0.52\% | Wesleyan | 73.7 | 6.38\% |
| Smith | 68.2 | 6.81\% | UMass/Amherst | 70.7 | 0.39\% | AMHERST | 73.6 | 5.77\% |
| AMHERST | $\underline{67.0}$ | 9.37\% | AMHERST | 69.7 | 7.34\% | UMass/Amherst | 70.8 | 0.85\% |
| Wesleyan | 65.9 | 6.90\% | Wesleyan | 68.4 | 6.45\% | Smith | 70.6 | 1.55\% |
| Indiana U . | 64.0 | 7.70\% | Indiana U. | 66.2 | 4.75\% | Indiana U . | 68.5 | 3.65\% |
| ASSISTANT PROFESSORS |  |  | ASSISTANT PROFESSORS |  |  | ASSISTANT PROFESSORS |  |  |
| Harvard | 75.0 | 7.45\% | Harvard | 79.3 | 5.40\% | Harvard | 82.1 | 3.99\% |
| Dartmouth | 64.6 | 8.20\% | Dartmouth | 66.5 | 6.16\% | Dartmouth | 67.9 | 4.68\% |
| U. Michigan | 61.7 | 5.59\% | U. Michigan | 65.3 | 3.99\% | U. Michigan | 66.7 | 3.48\% |
| Yale | 60.6 | 6.12\% | Yale | 63.8 | 5.76\% | Yale | 66.5 | 6.41\% |
| Williams | 59.2 | 10.21\% | Williams | 61.3 | 9.42\% | Wellesley | 64.6 | 8.17\% |
| Wellesley | 58.6 | 5.83\% | Wellesley | 61.1 | 7.50\% | AMHERST | 61.9 | 4.47\% |
| AMHERST | $\underline{58.0}$ | 6.13\% | AMHERST | 60.4 | 5.68\% | Williams | 61.6 | 5.57\% |
| U. Virginia | 56.8 | 0.13\% | Indiana U. | 58.8 | 5.83\% | Wesleyan | 61.3 | 6.70\% |
| UMass/Amherst | 55.7 | 5.05\% | Smith | 57.9 | 6.90\% | U. Virginia | 60.8 | 8.07\% |
| Smith | 55.7 | 9.66\% | U. Virginia | 57.4 | 0.80\% | Indiana U. | 59.6 | 4.37\% |
| Indiana U. | 55.3 | 8.61\% | Wesleyan | 56.6 | 6.05\% | Smith | 57.5 | 1.61\% |
| Mount Holyoke | 54.8 | 9.58\% | Mount Holyoke | 56.0 | 5.99\% | UMass/Amherst | 56.7 | 2.42\% |
| Wesleyan | 54.4 | 6.69\% | UMass/Amherst | 55.9 | 0.64\% | Mount Holyoke | 56.6 | 4.68\% |

TABLE C-2

## COMPARISON OF COMPENSATION, BY RANK - AMHERST COLLEGE AND THE TRADITIONAL GROUP

| RANK/ <br> INSTITUTION | ACTUAL FY2001-02 COMPENSATION | RANK/ <br> INSTITUTION | ACTUAL FY2002-03 COMPENSATION | RANK/ <br> INSTITUTION | ACTUAL FY2003-04 COMPENSATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PROFESSORS |  | PROFESSORS |  | PROFESSORS |  |
| Harvard | 174.8 | Harvard | 179.4 | Harvard | 193.0 |
| Yale | 155.7 | Yale | 164.9 | Yale | 166.3 |
| Dartmouth | 138.7 | Dartmouth | 145.8 | Dartmouth | 150.8 |
| Wellesley | 137.8 | Wellesley | 142.9 | Wellesley | 150.8 |
| U. Michigan | 133.3 | U. Michigan | 138.1 | U. Michigan | 142.4 |
| U. Virginia | 130.0 | Williams | 134.8 | U. Virginia | 138.9 |
| Williams | 128.6 | Smith | 131.5 | Williams | 138.8 |
| Smith | 126.8 | AMHERST | 130.6 | AMHERST | 135.8 |
| AMHERST | 124.9 | U. Virginia | 130.1 | Smith | 131.8 |
| Wesleyan | 120.3 | Mount Holyoke | 126.0 | Wesleyan | 130.4 |
| Mount Holyoke | 119.9 | Wesleyan | 124.3 | Mount Holyoke | 129.2 |
| Indiana U. | 118.1 | Indiana U. | 123.1 | Indiana U. | 126.5 |
| UMass/Amherst | 111.3 | UMass/Amherst | 114.6 | UMass/Amherst | 114.0 |
| ASSOCIATE PR | OFESSORS | ASSOCIATE PR | OFESSORS | ASSOCIATE PR | OFESSORS |
| Harvard | 103.6 | Harvard | 105.3 | Harvard | 114.6 |
| Dartmouth | 98.3 | Dartmouth | 104.9 | Wellesley | 106.5 |
| U. Michigan | 96.6 | Wellesley | 100.1 | Dartmouth | 105.1 |
| Wellesley | 94.7 | Williams | 99.0 | U. Michigan | 100.8 |
| Williams | 93.3 | Yale | 98.5 | Williams | 100.2 |
| Yale | 90.2 | U. Michigan | 97.7 | Yale | 98.5 |
| Mount Holyoke | 89.1 | Mount Holyoke | 92.3 | Mount Holyoke | 96.0 |
| UMass/Amherst | 88.4 | Smith | 91.2 | AMHERST | 95.3 |
| U. Virginia | 88.3 | AMHERST | $\underline{90.8}$ | U. Virginia | 95.0 |
| Smith | 88.2 | UMass/Amherst | 90.7 | UMass/Amherst | 90.5 |
| AMHERST | $\underline{84.6}$ | U. Virginia | 88.3 | Smith | 90.2 |
| Wesleyan | 83.0 | Wesleyan | 85.7 | Wesleyan | 90.2 |
| Indiana U. | 81.7 | Indiana U. | 85.6 | Indiana U. | 89.0 |


| ASSISTANT PROFESSORS | ASSISTANT PROFESSORS |  | ASSISTANT PROFESSORS |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Harvard | 90.0 | Harvard | 93.0 | Harvard | 101.0 |
| Dartmouth | 79.8 | Dartmouth | 83.4 | Dartmouth | 84.9 |
| U. Michigan | 79.6 | U. Michigan | 81.7 | U. Michigan | 84.3 |
| AMHERST | $\underline{76.8}$ | $\underline{\text { AMHERST }}$ | $\underline{\mathbf{8 0 . 2}}$ | $\underline{\text { AMHERST }}$ | $\underline{\mathbf{8 2 . 9}}$ |
| Williams | 75.8 | Williams | 79.4 | Yale | 81.5 |
| Yale | 73.7 | Yale | 78.6 | Wellesley | 80.6 |
| Wellesley | 72.9 | Wellesley | 77.5 | Williams | 79.5 |
| U. Virginia | 70.3 | Indiana U. | 74.6 | U. Virginia | 77.4 |
| UMass/Amherst | 70.3 | Mount Holyoke | 72.8 | Indiana U. | 76.4 |
| Indiana U. | 69.4 | Smith | 71.9 | Wesleyan | 75.1 |
| Mount Holyoke | 69.2 | UMass/Amherst | 71.4 | Mount Holyoke | 74.1 |
| Smith | 69.0 | Wesleyan | 71.4 | UMass/Amherst | 72.3 |
| Wesleyan | 68.6 | U. Virginia | 71.2 | Smith | 69.7 |

TABLE C-3

## COMPARISON OF SALARY AND COMPENSATION: ALL RANKS COMBINED

## AMHERST COLLEGE AND THE TRADITIONAL GROUP

| RANK/ INSTITUTION | ACTUAL FY2001-02 <br> SALARY DOLLARS | RANK/ <br> INSTITUTION | ACTUAL FY2002-03 SALARY DOLLARS | RANK/ <br> INSTITUTION | ACTUAL FY2003-04 SALARY DOLLARS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALL RANKS |  | ALL RANKS |  | ALL RANKS |  |
| Harvard | 118.9 | Harvard | 124.1 | Harvard | 129.3 |
| Yale | 104.0 | Yale | 109.1 | Yale | 110.6 |
| AMHERST | 89.0 | Dartmouth | 92.3 | Dartmouth | 94.8 |
| Dartmouth | 88.2 | AMHERST | 91.5 | AMHERST | 93.8 |
| U. Michigan | 87.1 | U. Michigan | 91.4 | U. Michigan | 93.4 |
| U. Virginia | 85.6 | Wellesley | 87.9 | Wellesley | 93.4 |
| Wellesley | 84.5 | U. Virginia | 86.2 | U. Virginia | 90.1 |
| Williams | 82.9 | Williams | 85.8 | Wesleyan | 90.1 |
| Mount Holyoke | 81.1 | Mount Holyoke | 85.1 | Williams | 87.0 |
| Wesleyan | 80.9 | Wesleyan | 83.2 | Mount Holyoke | 85.5 |
| Smith | 79.9 | Smith | 82.8 | Smith | 82.3 |
| UMass/Amherst | 78.7 | Indiana U. | 80.4 | Indiana U. | 80.9 |
| Indiana U. | 77.6 | UMass/Amherst | 78.5 | UMass/Amherst | 78.3 |
| RANK/ <br> INSTITUTION | ACTUAL FY2001-02 COMPENSATION | RANK/ INSTITUTION | ACTUAL FY2002-03 COMPENSATION | RANK/ INSTITUTION | ACTUAL FY2003-04 COMPENSATION |
| ALL RANKS |  | ALL RANKS |  | ALL RANKS |  |
| Harvard | 143.6 | Harvard | 147.3 | Harvard | 158.7 |
| Yale | 124.4 | Yale | 132.0 | Yale | 133.6 |
| Dartmouth | 111.8 | Dartmouth | 118.0 | Wellesley | 122.5 |
| AMHERST | $\underline{110.8}$ | AMHERST | $\underline{115.9}$ | Dartmouth | 121.0 |
| Wellesley | 110.4 | Wellesley | 114.8 | AMHERST | $\underline{119.2}$ |
| U. Michigan | 108.6 | U. Michigan | 111.6 | U. Michigan | 114.8 |
| U. Virginia | 104.5 | Williams | 110.0 | U. Virginia | 112.1 |
| Williams | 104.5 | Mount Holyoke | 107.7 | Williams | 111.4 |
| Smith | 102.7 | Smith | 105.2 | Mount Holyoke | 109.2 |
| Mount Holyoke | 101.9 | U. Virginia | 105.2 | Wesleyan | 108.2 |
| Wesleyan | 100.7 | Wesleyan | 102.9 | Smith | 104.6 |
| UMass/Amherst | 97.9 | Indiana U. | 102.6 | Indiana U. | 103.9 |
| Indiana U. | 97.8 | UMass/Amherst | 99.7 | UMass/Amherst | 99.1 |

## TABLE D-1

## COMPARISON OF SALARIES, BY RANK - AMHERST COLLEGE AND THE LIBERAL ARTS GROUP

| RANK/ <br> INSTITUTION | ACTUAL <br> FY2001-02 <br> SALARY <br> DOLLARS | $\begin{gathered} \text { \% } \\ \text { INC } \end{gathered}$ | RANK/ INSTITUTION | ACTUAL <br> FY2002-03 <br> SALARY <br> DOLLARS | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { INC } \end{gathered}$ | RANK/ INSTITUTION | ACTUAL <br> FY2003-04 <br> SALARY <br> DOLLARS | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { INC } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PROFESSORS |  |  | PROFESSORS |  |  | PROFESSORS |  |  |
| Wellesley | 104.3 | 4.55\% | Pomona | 109.7 | 8.63\% | Pomona | 114.9 | 5.68\% |
| Swarthmore | 105.0 | 7.29\% | Wellesley | 108.3 | 5.37\% | Wellesley | 113.6 | 5.70\% |
| Williams | 102.9 | 7.06\% | Swarthmore | 107.4 | 2.43\% | Swarthmore | 109.8 | 4.39\% |
| Pomona | 101.7 | 10.41\% | Williams | 106.0 | 6.35\% | Wesleyan | 109.8 | 5.89\% |
| AMHERST | 101.5 | 6.42\% | AMHERST | 104.4 | 4.65\% | Williams | 109.0 | 4.11\% |
| Wesleyan | 97.3 | 6.73\% | Wesleyan | 101.4 | 5.10\% | AMHERST | 108.4 | 4.19\% |
| Bowdoin | 95.6 | 5.74\% | Bowdoin | 100.0 | 7.51\% | Bowdoin | 103.1 | 3.33\% |
| Middlebury | 95.6 | 5.02\% | Middlebury | 99.3 | 4.09\% | Middlebury | 99.9 | 1.19\% |
| Carlton | 91.1 | 12.58\% | Carlton | 94.8 | 5.86\% | Carlton | 95.5 | 1.57\% |
| Haverford | 89.6 | 5.49\% | Haverford | 91.8 | 3.86\% | Haverford | 94.2 | 3.35\% |
| Davidson | 83.6 | 5.14\% | Davidson | 86.7 | 5.63\% | Davidson | 90.3 | 6.83\% |
| ASSOCIATE PROFESSORS |  |  | ASSOCIATE PROFESSORS |  |  | ASSOCIATE PROFESSORS |  |  |
| Williams | 72.9 | 9.12\% | Wellesley | 76.8 | 8.18\% | Wellesley | 80.6 | 8.54\% |
| Wellesley | 72.2 | 5.88\% | Williams | 76.1 | 8.71\% | Pomona | 78.3 | 5.87\% |
| Swarthmore | 72.0 | 7.66\% | Pomona | 75.9 | 10.92\% | Williams | 77.5 | 5.18\% |
| Pomona | 71.0 | 10.69\% | Swarthmore | 74.6 | 6.61\% | Swarthmore | 76.9 | 5.60\% |
| Bowdoin | 68.4 | 5.05\% | Bowdoin | 71.3 | 5.46\% | Wesleyan | 73.7 | 6.38\% |
| Haverford | 67.4 | 6.00\% | AMHERST | 69.7 | 7.34\% | AMHERST | 73.6 | 5.77\% |
| AMHERST | $\underline{67.0}$ | 9.37\% | Haverford | 69.4 | 4.40\% | Bowdoin | 73.0 | 3.91\% |
| Middlebury | 66.5 | 5.54\% | Middlebury | 68.8 | 4.55\% | Haverford | 71.1 | 5.90\% |
| Wesleyan | 65.9 | 6.90\% | Wesleyan | 68.4 | 6.45\% | Middlebury | 67.8 | 1.74\% |
| Carlton | 64.3 | 9.69\% | Carlton | 66.8 | 8.47\% | Carlton | 67.5 | 3.34\% |
| Davidson | 59.9 | 4.86\% | Davidson | 63.3 | 7.86\% | Davidson | 67.5 | 8.76\% |
| ASSISTANT PROFESSORS |  |  | ASSISTANT PROFESSORS |  |  | ASSISTANT PROFESSORS |  |  |
| Williams | 59.2 | 10.21\% | Williams | 61.3 | 9.42\% | Wellesley | 64.6 | 8.17\% |
| Wellesley | 58.6 | 5.83\% | Wellesley | 61.1 | 7.50\% | AMHERST | 61.9 | 4.47\% |
| AMHERST | 58.0 | 6.13\% | AMHERST | 60.4 | 5.68\% | Williams | 61.6 | 5.57\% |
| Swarthmore | 55.6 | 7.94\% | Carlton | 59.2 | 9.22\% | Wesleyan | 61.3 | 6.70\% |
| Carlton | 54.9 | 10.46\% | Swarthmore | 58.2 | 7.17\% | Swarthmore | 60.4 | 4.85\% |
| Pomona | 54.7 | 11.63\% | Pomona | 56.9 | 9.18\% | Carlton | 59.6 | 2.31\% |
| Wesleyan | 54.4 | 6.69\% | Wesleyan | 56.6 | 6.05\% | Pomona | 58.0 | 7.80\% |
| Middlebury | 53.7 | 6.08\% | Middlebury | 55.9 | 6.72\% | Bowdoin | 57.0 | 4.84\% |
| Haverford | 53.4 | 6.65\% | Bowdoin | 55.1 | 6.63\% | Haverford | 56.0 | 3.99\% |
| Bowdoin | 53.2 | 5.26\% | Haverford | 54.7 | 6.17\% | Middlebury | 55.8 | 2.53\% |
| Davidson | 48.7 | 6.78\% | Davidson | 49.9 | 7.74\% | Davidson | 55.2 | 11.98\% |

TABLE D-2

COMPARISON OF COMPENSATION, BY RANK - AMHERST COLLEGE AND THE LIBERAL ARTS GROUP

| RANK/ | ACTUAL FY2001-02 <br> RASTITUTION | RANK/ <br> COMPENSATION | ACTUAL FY2002-03 <br> INSTITUTION | RANK/ <br> COMPENSATION | ACTUAL FY2003-04 <br> INSTITUTION |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| COMPENSATION |  |  |  |  |  |

## ASSOCIATE PROFESSORS

| Haverford | 94.9 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Wellesley | 94.7 |
| Williams | 93.3 |
| Swarthmore | 90.7 |
| Pomona | 89.0 |
| Bowdoin | 87.9 |
| Carlton | 85.4 |
| AMHERST | $\underline{\mathbf{8 4 . 6}}$ |
| Wesleyan | 83.0 |
| Middlebury | 82.5 |
| Davidson | 78.9 |

ASSISTANT PROFESSORS

| AMHERST | $\mathbf{7 6 . 8}$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Williams | 75.8 |
| Haverford | 74.2 |
| Carlton | 73.9 |
| Wellesley | 72.9 |
| Swarthmore | 70.5 |
| Wesleyan | 68.6 |
| Pomona | 67.7 |
| Bowdoin | 67.6 |
| Davidson | 66.5 |
| Middlebury | 66.4 |


| ASSISTANT PROFESSORS |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| AMHERST | $\underline{\mathbf{8 0 . 2}}$ |
| Williams | 79.4 |
| Carlton | 79.0 |
| Wellesley | 77.5 |
| Haverford | 76.0 |
| Swarthmore | 74.6 |
| Wesleyan | 71.4 |
| Bowdoin | 70.3 |
| Middlebury | 70.2 |
| Pomona | 70.0 |
| Davidson | 69.4 |


| ASSISTANT PROFESSORS |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| AMHERST | $\underline{\mathbf{8 2 . 9}}$ |
| $\mathbf{~ C a r l t o n ~}$ | 80.6 |
| Wellesley | 80.6 |
| Williams | 79.5 |
| Haverford | 79.4 |
| Swarthmore | 78.1 |
| Wesleyan | 75.1 |
| Davidson | 74.7 |
| Bowdoin | 74.1 |
| Pomona | 72.8 |
| Middlebury | 71.6 |

TABLE D-3

## COMPARISON OF SALARY AND COMPENSATION: ALL RANKS COMBINED

## AMHERST COLLEGE AND THE LIBERAL ARTS GROUP

| RANK/ ACTUAL FY2001-02INSTITUTIOr SALARY DOLLARS |  | RANK/ | ACTUAL FY2002-03 | RANK/ | ACTUAL FY2003-04 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | INSTITUTION | SALARY DOLLARS | INSTITUTION | SALARY DOLLARS |
| ALL RANKS |  | ALL RANKS |  | ALL RANKS |  |
| AMHERST | 89.0 | AMHERST | 91.5 | AMHERST | 93.8 |
| Wellesley | 84.5 | Wellesley | 87.9 | Wellesley | 93.4 |
| Swarthmore | 84.5 | Swarthmore | 86.1 | Wesleyan | 90.1 |
| Williams | 82.9 | Williams | 85.8 | Pomona | 89.0 |
| Wesleyan | 80.9 | Pomona | 85.1 | Swarthmore | 88.0 |
| Pomona | 80.4 | Wesleyan | 83.2 | Williams | 87.0 |
| Carleton | 76.1 | Carleton | 79.2 | Carleton | 79.5 |
| Middlebury | 72.9 | Middlebury | 75.5 | Bowdoin | 76.0 |
| Bowdoin | 71.0 | Bowdoin | 73.4 | Middlebury | 75.7 |
| Haverford | 69.5 | Haverford | 72.2 | Davidson | 74.8 |
| Davidson | 68.6 | Davidson | 71.0 | Haverford | 73.4 |
| RANK/ ACTUAL FY2001-02 INSTITUTIOR COMPENSATION |  | RANK/ | ACTUAL FY2002-03 | RANK/ | ACTUAL FY2003-04 |
|  |  | INSTITUTION | COMPENSATION | INSTITUTION | COMPENSATION |
| ALL RANKS |  | ALL RANKS |  | ALL RANKS |  |
| AMHERST | 110.8 | AMHERST | 115.9 | Wellesley | 122.5 |
| Wellesley | 110.4 | Wellesley | 114.8 | AMHERST | 119.2 |
| Swarthmore | 104.7 | Williams | 110.0 | Williams | 111.4 |
| Williams | 104.5 | Swarthmore | 108.1 | Swarthmore | 111.0 |
| Wesleyan | 100.7 | Pomona | 104.9 | Pomona | 109.6 |
| Carleton | 99.7 | Carleton | 103.5 | Wesleyan | 108.2 |
| Pomona | 99.6 | Wesleyan | 102.9 | Carleton | 105.3 |
| Haverford | 96.4 | Haverford | 99.6 | Haverford | 102.0 |
| Davidson | 92.3 | Middlebury | 96.3 | Bowdoin | 98.7 |
| Middlebury | 91.5 | Bowdoin | 93.8 | Middlebury | 98.5 |
| Bowdoin | 89.9 | Davidson | 92.8 | Davidson | 97.6 |

TABLE E

## DISTRIBUTION OF FACULTY BY RANK FOR

## AMHERST COLLEGE AND THE TRADITIONAL AND LIBERAL ARTS GROUPS COMBINED

FISCAL YEAR 2003-04


TOTAL

| AMHERST | 151 | 100.0\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bowdoin | 153 | 100.0\% |
| Carlton | 180 | 100.0\% |
| Dartmouth | 403 | 100.0\% |
| Davidson | 147 | 100.0\% |
| Harvard | 1223 | 100.0\% |
| Haverford | 106 | 100.0\% |
| Indiana U. | 1333 | 100.0\% |
| Middlebury | 222 | 100.0\% |
| Mount Holyoke | 181 | 100.0\% |
| Pomona | 160 | 100.0\% |
| Smith | 295 | 100.0\% |
| Swarthmore | 174 | 100.0\% |
| U. Michigan | 1920 | 100.0\% |
| U. Virginia | 1010 | 100.0\% |
| UMass/Amherst | 943 | 100.0\% |
| Wellesley | 211 | 100.0\% |
| Wesleyan | 252 | 100.0\% |
| Williams | 236 | 100.0\% |
| Yale | 895 | 100.0\% |

INSTRUCTORS

| Middlebury | 11 | $5.0 \%$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Yale | 10 | $2.2 \%$ |
| Carlton | 4 | $2.2 \%$ |
| Harvard | 27 | $2.2 \%$ |
| Pomona | 3 | $1.9 \%$ |
| Smith | 5 | $1.7 \%$ |
| Bowdoin | 2 | $1.3 \%$ |
| U. Virginia | 10 | $1.0 \%$ |
| Wellesley | 2 | $0.9 \%$ |
| Wesleyan | 1 | $0.4 \%$ |
| U. Michigan | 7 | $0.4 \%$ |
| UMass/Amherst | 3 | $0.3 \%$ |
| Indiana U. | 1 | $0.1 \%$ |
| AMHERST | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Davidson | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Haverford | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Dartmouth | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Swarthmore | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Williams | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| Mount Holyoke | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |

